

# Second Harmonic Generation Microscopy of Rat Scleral Remodeling by Collagenase and Reparative Collagen Mimetic Peptides

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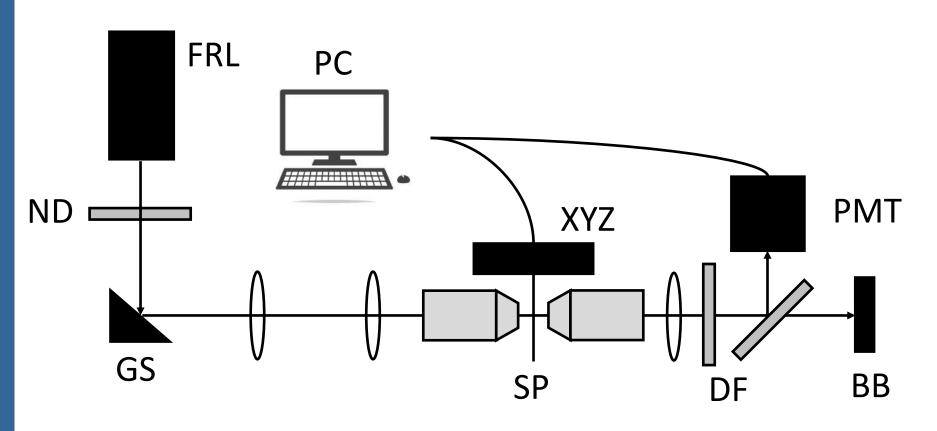
# 1. Purpose

- Myopia is associated with increased scleral protease activity.<sup>1</sup>
- Protease activity results in structural changes that can be visualized using Second Harmonic Generation (SHG) microscopy.
- Collagen mimetic peptides (CMPs) (Stuart Therapeutics) may act as reparative agents to restore collagen organization and structure after collagenase digestion.<sup>2</sup>
- **Aim**: test the ability of 2 distinct CMP compositions to reorganize digested collagen in rat sclera, and possibly provide a basis for new therapeutics targeting myopia progression.

# 2. Methods

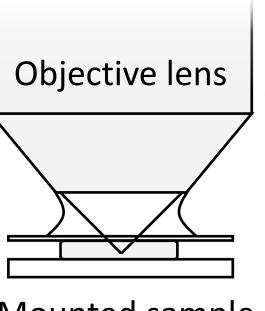
A. <u>Model</u> D. <u>SHG Imaging</u> B. <u>Samples</u> **C. Interventions:** Albino rats 5 eyes dissected BSS rinse then for bare sclerae Untreated sclera 200μm x 200μm *en* face collection at 5µm depth slices  $\tilde{O}$ Collagenase **Objective lens** (200 µg/mL, 30 min) CMP (294 nM, 30 min) Mounted sample

E. Imaging System<sup>2,3</sup>



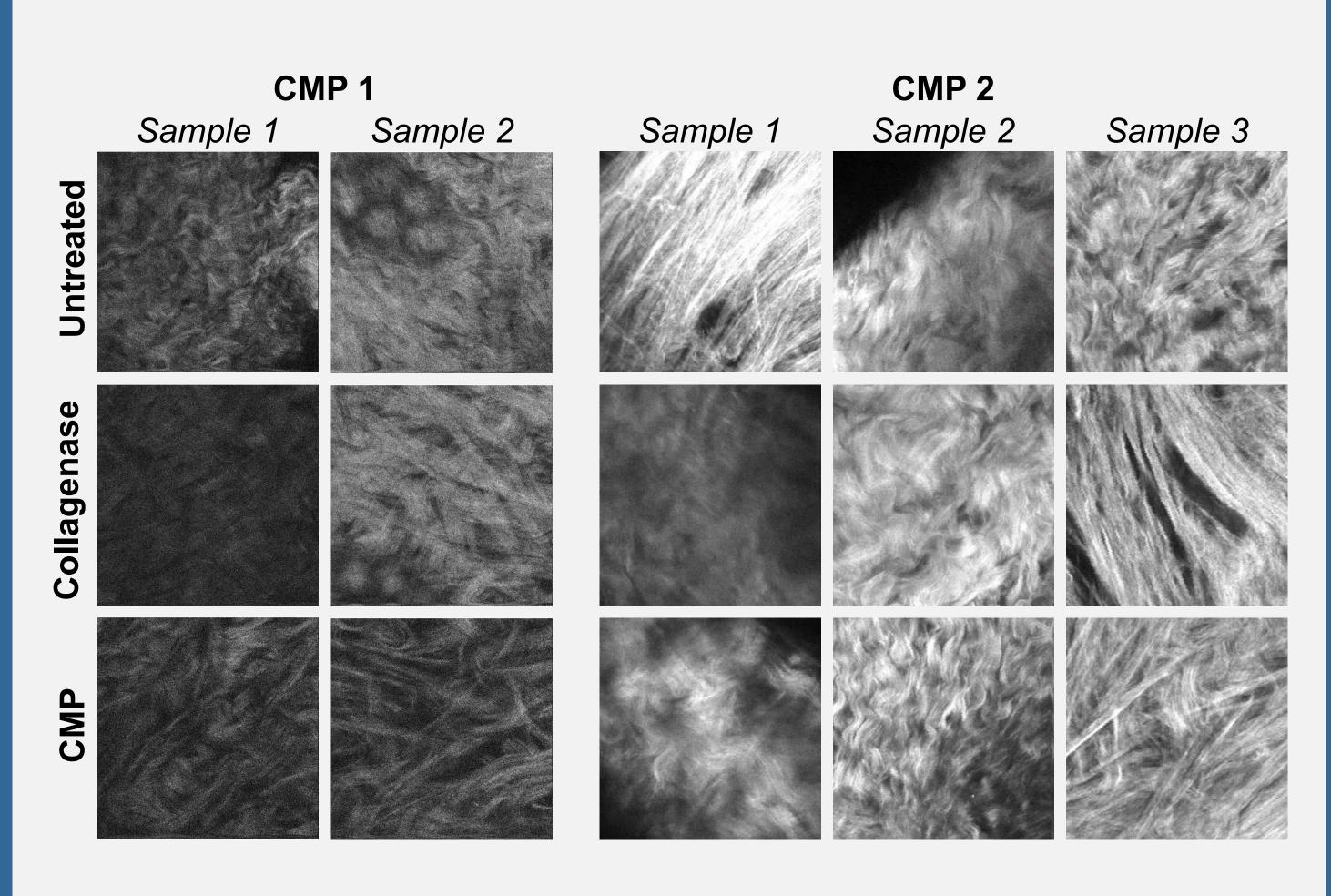
Sketch of the two-photon microscope. Fiber ring laser (FRL), neutral density filter (ND), galvanometer (GS), sample plane (SP), XYZ translation stage (XYZ), dichroic filters (DF), photomultiplier (PMT), beam block (BB), and computer (PC).

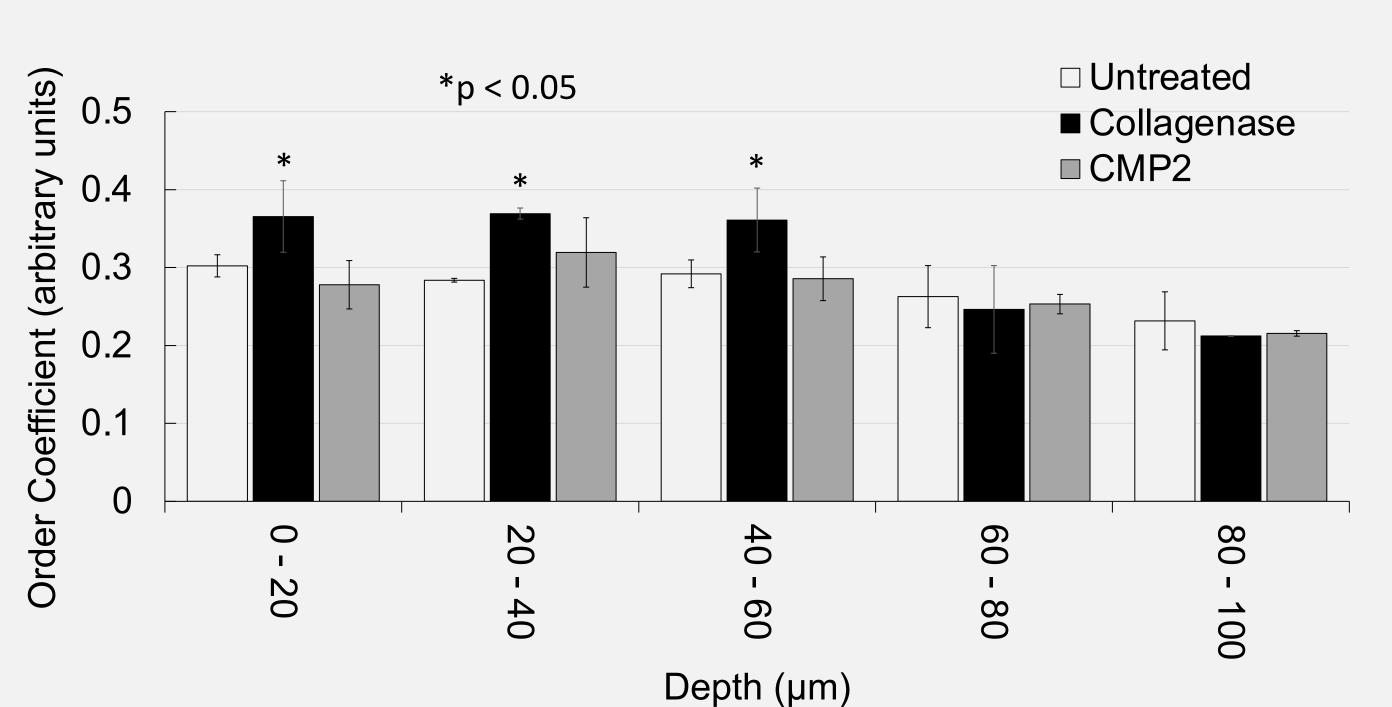




## **3. Results**

- SHG microscopy of the untreated scleral tissue showed a high degree of organization
- **CMP 1** treatment showed *subjective* reordering of digested collagen fibers, but the order coefficient<sup>4</sup> was not significantly changed from digested tissue (p < 0.05)
- **CMP 2** treatment of digested sclera resulted in a collagen organization that was not significantly different from untreated tissue at depths up to 60  $\mu$ m (p < 0.05)





### 4. Conclusions

- statistically different)

## **5. Future Work**

- model

# 6. References & Acknowledgements

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SHG microscopy showed *subjective* CMP 1-induced and objective CMP 2-induced reorganization of rat scleral collagen after collagenase digestion

• CMP 2 treatment restored digested collagen to a similar organization as untreated tissue, (*i.e.*, the order coefficient between CMP 2-treated collagen after enzymatic digestion and untreated collagen was not

• These changes may represent a reparative effect on enzymatically digested scleral collagen that could be useful in the treatment of myopia progression

Investigate mechanical properties of CMP-treated collagen using atomic force microscopy and optical coherence tomography elastography

Better quantify CMP-induced changes in collagen organization using wavelet transform texture analysis Study effects of CMP treatment on collagen in an *in vivo* 

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