

Scleral collagen remodeling and repair assessed in intact eyes through Second Harmonic Generation

Aldo Tecse^{1,2,*}, Kaitlin Wozniak^{1,3}, James A. Germann^{1,4}, Alex J. McMullen², Mark Buckley^{1,2}, Robert O. Barata⁵, Eric Schlumpff⁵, Brian J. Del Buono⁵, Michael Telias^{1,3}, Susana Marcos^{1,3}

1. Center for Visual Science; 2. Department of Biomedical Engineering; 3. Flaum Eye Institute, Rochester, NY, United States; 4. Instituto de Óptica, Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas, Madrid, Spain; 5. Stuart Therapeutics, Inc, FL, United States

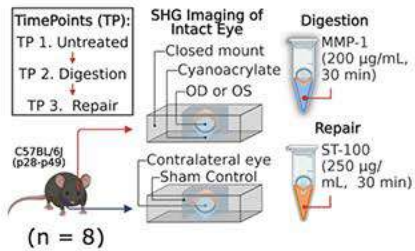
*Email: atecse@ur.Rochester.edu

Background

- Remodeling of the sclera during myopia progression is initiated through the activation of matrix metalloprotease (MMPs)^{1,2}.
- Collagen-mimetic peptides have shown reparative capabilities after collagen digestion³.
- Our goal is to capture microstructural changes in the sclera.**

Methods

Experimental overview



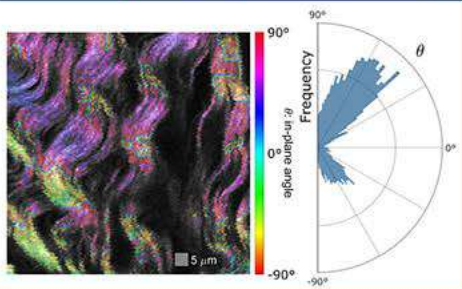
SHG Microscopy

A custom-built two-photon SHG microscope (Fyla, Spain, 950-1150nm, 20 fs, 80MHz) was used to measured the backscattering signal ($\lambda_0=525$ nm BW=100 nm) of scleral fibrillar collagen 500 µm away from the optic nerve.



Structural Analysis

- The Alignment Index (AI) measures the distribution of the collagen bundles based on 2D-Fourier transform⁵.
- The AI will be higher when the frequency is more concentrated at a certain orientation.



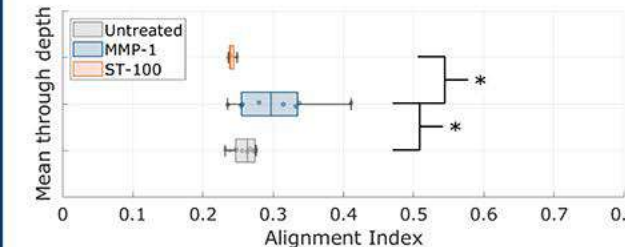
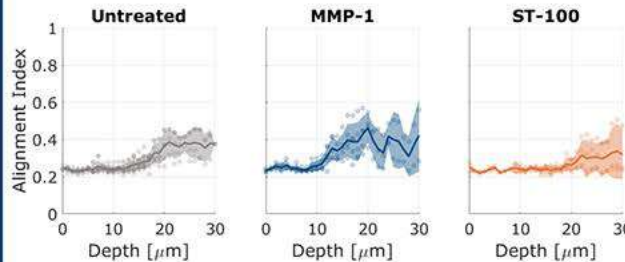
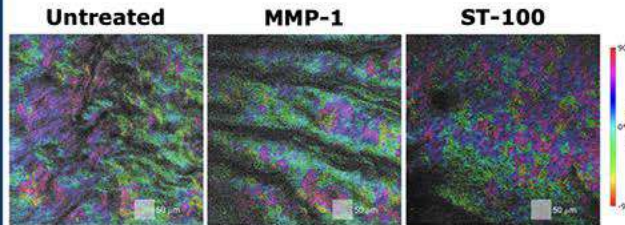
Statistical Analysis

One-way ANOVA to test statistical significance in alignment parameter across treatments and specimen state.

Results

Effect of treatments

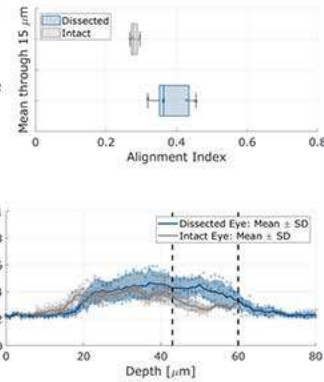
- MMP-1 (0.30 ± 0.05) increased the alignment of collagen bundles ($p < 0.05$) with respect to the virgin state (0.25 ± 0.01).
- ST-100 induced a significantly different ($p < 0.05$) reduction of the alignment (0.24 ± 0.01).



With respect to control: *p < 0.05; **p < 0.01

Effect of dissection

Dissection increased scleral thickness and increased the alignment of collagen bundles (0.39 ± 0.07) with respect to intact eyes (0.28 ± 0.01).



Conclusions

- SHG microscopy allowed characterization of scleral collagen organization in murine intact eyes, avoiding tissue dissection which altered collagen organization
- This method is well suited for future characterization of scleral collagen in myopic animal models, which was mimicked by MMP digestion
- ST-100 restores collagen alignment close to virgin state values in ex vivo experiments, holding promise as a therapeutic agent for myopia.

References

- Holden, B. A., et al. (2016). *Ophthalmology*, 123(5), 1036-1042.
- Baird, P. N. et al. (2020). *Nature Reviews Disease Primers*, 6(1), 99.
- Savage, D. E. et al. (2023). *IOVS*, 64 (8), 849.
- Campbell, I. C., et al. (2018). *Methods in Molecular Biology*, 135-159.
- Germann, J A. et al. (2020), *IOVS*, 61(3), 28.

Funding

NIH P30 Core Grant EY001319-46; Unrestricted Grant Research to Prevent Blindness; Stuart Therapeutics Inc.

Commercial Relationship
RB and ES (Stuart Therapeutics, E)